HTTP://REMEDYLEGACY.COM

APL LOAD BALANCER MONITOR V 1.3

Contents

Introduction

This program is used to monitor the availability of either a Remedy AR System server or a Remedy Mid-Tier instance. Use this tool in conjunction with a load balancer's health check feature to route traffic to responsive servers.

Monitoring just a Remedy server's TCP port or the Mid-Tier's web server port is an indication that a process is allowing TCP connections however such a connection does not ensure that the system is responsive in a way that is useful to users or integrated systems. Many Remedy admins have experienced situations where the Remedy server is up and technically running but is "hung" and not processing responses to connected clients, often leading to timeout errors. APL Load Balancer Monitor (APL LBM) goes beyond just a process allowing TCP connections and "works" the Remedy server to make sure the system is in a useful state.

Monitoring Modes

APL LBM has two different monitoring modes, Remedy server and Mid-Tier. When configured to monitor a Remedy server APL LBM logs into the Remedy server and executes a service call against the Service Form 'APL:LBMonitor' populating field 'Process' (700000001) with the value 'ExerciseServer'. This guide is configured out of the box to perform a simple query of the user form checking to ensure that there are records in the table. This filter guide can be customized to include any steps that you desire to confirm that your Remedy server is 'up'. This process allows for a customizable monitoring that works in your environment and that AR System Server is fully processing system requests. When configured to monitor a Mid-Tier server APL LBM connects to the Mid-Tier via URL accessing the 'APL:LBMonitor' form to verify the Mid-Tier is processing form requests (and in turn system requests). In either mode when the routine runs without error, it means the target server is responding normally and that traffic should be routed to it.

Load Balancer Health Check

When APL LBM determines the monitored process is responsive, a configurable TCP port is opened by the monitor. You configure the load balancer's health check to monitor this port as an indicator that the system is available for network traffic. If for any reason the server routine fails the port is closed and the load balancer should stop sending network traffic to that endpoint.

Deploying

Most often APL LBM is deployed on the server that is being monitored however it can be run from any server in the environment. A single instance of this tool can only monitor either a Remedy server or a Mid-Tier server. Multiple instances of APL LBM can be run on the same server if there is a need to monitor both a Remedy server and Mid-Tier from the same server (for example a server with both Remedy server and Mid-Tier are installed), you will need to ensure that multiple instances are using different ports to ensure that each monitor can open its own port.

Initial Setup

The setup of this utility requires importing APL_LBMonitor.def onto the Remedy server that's going to be monitored, this is required no matter if you are monitoring Remedy or Mid-Tier as the monitor tool uses the form in question in both cases. Then copy the files to the server, adjusting the configuration and installing the service (Windows) or setting it up to auto start in Unix/Linux.

Configure the Monitor

1. Unzip the APL LBM zip files to a suitable place on the server
   Example: D:\Utilities\APL\APLLBMonitor
2. Open conf\config.properties file configure the following:

Parameter	Description	Example Values
monitor	Monitor either a Remedy server or Mid-Tier	remedy, midtier
serviceForm	This is the form that the tool uses to manage 'up'	APL:LBMonitor
monitorPort	The port the LB's health check will monitor	3636
checkIntervalWhenUp	How often in seconds Remedy/Mid-Tier server will be checked when APL LBM is in an "up" status	20
checkIntervalWhenDown	How often in seconds Remedy/Mid-Tier server will be checked when APL LBM is in a "down" status	5
downThreshold	How many failed checks before APL LBM considers Remedy/Mid-Tier in a down status and closes the monitorPort	3
server	Remedy server to be monitored. Not required if monitoring Mid-Tier.	rmdyapp01
tcpPort	Remedy Server TCP port if needed. Not required if monitoring Mid-Tier.	
user	Username of account that will login to Remedy and perform the check. Must have access to 'APL:LBMonitor' form.	Demo
pass	Password of the account that will login to Remedy and perform the check.	
useRAS	Tells APL LBM to use Remedy Application Service account. If set, and the RASValue is not already set, the user/password provided must be an admin account to be able to access the form to get the RAS Value	true, false
RASValue	Will automatically be set the first time APL LBM is run with useRAS = true, if you want to define manually, you can grab the value out of the ar.cfg/ar.conf for parameter 'Remedy-App-Service-Password'	

Install the Monitor as a Service (Windows)

In order to run this tool as a service in Windows, we are utilizing the Java Wrapper tool provided by Tanuki (https://wrapper.tanukisoftware.com). Assuming your Java home environment variable is set properly, all you would need to do to get this functional would be to click on the bin\InstalService.bat file. If that doesn't work, you may need to edit the conf\wrapper.conf file to make it work properly. Editing that same file should allow you to customize the name of the service and any other java parameters related to running the service

Run the tool manually (Unix/Linux)

If you won't be running this under Windows, you can change the directory structure a bit to make things a bit easier. You may want to move the config file into the same directory as the main jar, or you can use a -c parameter to the program to specify the location of the config file. If running manually, your command execution may look something like this

Java -cp ./lib/APLLBMonitor.jar;./lib/arapi81_build001.jar;./lib/arutil81_build001.jar;./lib/log4j-1.2.14.jar com.apl.Daemon -c ./conf/config.properties

This command line assumes you left everything in their original directories and are sitting at the parent folder of both lib and conf. This will produce a log file in the current directory. If you wish the log to appear somewhere else, you can specify a fully qualified path, or a relative path in the config.properties file

Release Notes

1.3 – Jan 26, 2018

- Updated the code, documentation and config to allow for a user on Linux to start the tool in the way they want

- Modified the default logging in the config.properties to not log AR Exceptions to the log as they are already being handled in the code

- Put it so that the JAR doesn't bundle the api again so that the api version can be managed independently of the tool version

1.2 – Dec 15th, 2018

- Modified program to use Log4J so that if you aren't using the Wrapper in Windows, you still can control the size and number of the output log

1.1 – June 12, 2017

- Fixed problem with the services inability to find the config file

1.0 – June 10, 2017

- Initial public pre-release made available for download